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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/710,835	08/05/2004	Adam D. Dirstine	977.066US1	6749
21186 7590 03/23/2009 SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG & WOESSNER, P.A. P.O. BOX 2938			EXAMINER	
			HUYNH, THU V	
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2178	
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			03/23/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Occurrence	10/710,835	DIRSTINE, ADAM D.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	THU V. HUYNH	2178				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	lely filed the mailing date of this communication.  (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 De	ecember 2008					
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<i>,</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
· <u> </u>						
	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-38</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>16-38</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	. alaatian waxuinamant					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) $\square$ objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some coll None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)  1) \[ \sum \text{Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)} \]	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to communications: amendment filed on 12/19/08 to application filed on 08/05/04.

2. Claims 16-26, 31-38 are pending claims in this case. Claims 16 and 31 are dependent claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 16, 20-21, 23-25, 31-35 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Cseri</u> et al., US 2003/0046317 A1, filed 04/19/01, in view of <u>Petersen</u> et al., US 2005/0144556 A1, filed 12/31/2003.

Regarding independent claim 16, Cseri teaches a network device comprises:

- at least one processor (Cseri, fig.1; [0020]; personal and server computers);
- a network interface configured to communicate with the at least one processor and a network (Cseri, fig.1, [0020]; connecting to the Internet network);
- an XML document processing module, including a compression module configured to compress an XML document into a compressed binary stream and to convert the binary stream into text and format the text and format the text so as to provide back the XML document (Cseri, [0014], [0020], [0063]; compressing XML document by tokenizing the XML document to produce XML binary formatted document and

converting the XML binary formatted document back to the XML document for displaying to a user computer).

However, Cseri does not explicitly disclose the XML documents are compressed valid XML documents.

Petersen teaches XML documents are compressed valid XML documents with elements and attributes in shot tokens (Petersen, [0083]).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Petersen's teaching and Cseri's teaching to convert the compressed binary into compressed valid XML, since the conversion would have provided advantage of storing and transmitting the compressed valid XML documents which are in reduced size.

**Regarding claim 20**, which is dependent on claim 16, Cseri does not teaches XML document processing module includes a decompression module to decompress compressed valid XML document.

Sullivan teaches the XML document processing module includes a decompression module to decompress compressed valid XML document (Sullivan, fig.4; col.4, lines 64-66; decompressing a token XML document to XML document).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Sullivan's teaching and Cseri's teaching to include a decompressing module, since the combination would have recreated the XML from the token XML document.

**Regarding claim 21**, which is dependent on claim 16, Cseri teaches the network device is an embedded device server operable to manage a remote device using XML documents (Cseri, [0020]; server and client).

**Regarding claim 23**, which is dependent on claim 16, Cseri teaches the network interface includes a web interface (Cseri, [0020]-[0021]; in order to transmit, access XML web document in the Internet, the network interface must includes a web interface).

**Regarding claim 24**, which is dependent on claim 16, Cseri teaches the network interface is a wireless network (Cseri, [0021]).

**Regarding claim 25**, which is dependent on claim 24, Cseri teaches the network device is included in a cell phone (Cseri, [0020], [0115], hand-held devices, mobile phones).

# Regarding independent claim 31, Cseri teaches the steps of:

- a communication network (Cseri, [0020], [0021]; communication network for connecting systems to the Internet network);
- at least first and second network devices to communicate over the network (Cseri, [0020], [0021]; the network device comprises personal computer, hand-held devices, server computers, main frames, etc., wherein each network device includes:
  - o at least one processor (Cseri, [0020]);

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- a network interface to communicate with the at least one processor (Cseri, figure 1, [0020], [0021]).
- an XML document processing module, wherein the XML document processing module includes:
  - a compressing module configured to compress an XML document and to convert compressed XML documents into a compressed binary stream and to convert the binary stream into text and format the text so as to provide back the XML document (Cseri, [0014], [0020], [0063]; compressing XML document by tokenizing the XML document to produce XML binary formatted document and converting the XML binary formatted document to XML document for displaying to a user computer).

However, Cseri does not explicitly disclose the XML documents are compressed valid XML documents.

Petersen teaches XML documents are compressed valid XML documents with elements and attributes in shot tokens (Petersen, [0083]) and the compressed valid XML documents can be reconstructed to original XML document to display to user (Petersen, [0090]).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Petersen's teaching and Cseri's teaching to convert the compressed binary into compressed valid XML, since the conversion would have provided advantage of storing and transmitting the compressed valid XML documents which are in reduced size.

**Regarding claim 32**, which is dependent on claim 31, referring to rationale relied to reject claim 31, the limitation "the first network device is an embedded device server, the first network device operable to receive a device configuration file as a compressed valid XML document and decompress the document" is included. The rationale is incorporated herein.

**Regarding claim 33**, which is dependent on claim 31, Cseri teaches the first network device is operable to transfer to a status message as a compressed valid XML document to the second network device (Cseri, fig.3B, [0063]; a system sends the compressed XML document).

**Regarding claim 35**, which is dependent on claim 31, Cseri teaches the network is a wireless communication network (Cseri, [0021]).

5. Claim 17 remains rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Cseri and Petersen</u> as applied to claim 16 above, and further in view of <u>Girardot</u> et al., US 2003/0023628 A1, filed 04/09/01.

**Regarding claim 17**, which is dependent on claim 16, Sullivan does not explicitly disclose the XML document processing module includes a deflate compression algorithm.

Girardot teaches deflate compression is popular used to compress a document (Girardot, [0009]).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Girardot's teaching and Cseri's teaching to compress the

XML document using deflate compression algorithm, since the deflate compression is popular one.

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6. Claims 18-19 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Cseri, Petersen and Girardot as applied to claim 17 above, and further in view of Tycksen,

Jr. et al., US 6,189,097 B1, filed 03/24/97.

**Regarding claim 18**, which is dependent on claim 17, Sceri does not explicitly teach compression module includes a binary to ASCII text encoding algorithm.

Tycksen teaches converting binary data to ASCII text (Tycksen, col.9, lines 7-15).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Tycksen's teaching and Sceri's teaching to include a binary to ASCII text encoding algorithm, since the combination allowed to convert the XML binary data in to ASCII text in order to provide the XML document to the user.

**Regarding claim 19**, which is dependent on claim 18, Sceri does not teaches the binary to ASCII text encoding algorithm includes using base-64 encoding algorithm.

Tycksen teaches the binary to ASCII text encoding algorithm includes using base-64 encoding algorithm (Tycksen, col.9, lines 7-15).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Tycksen's teaching and Sceri's teaching to include a binary to ASCII text encoding algorithm, since the combination allowed to convert the XML binary data in to ASCII text in order to provide the XML document to the user.

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7. Claims 22, 34 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sceri and Petersen as applied to claims 16 above, and further in view of Ma et al., US

2005/0063575 A1, filed 09/22/03.

**Regarding claim 22**, which is dependent on claim 16, Sceri does not explicitly disclose the network interface includes a serial port.

Ma teaches network interface includes a serial port (Ma, [0074]; a serial communication network).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Ma's teaching and Sceri's teaching to include a serial port, since the combination would have connected systems using many types of communication network.

**Regarding claim 34**, which is dependent on claim 31, Sceri teaches the network is wired or wireless satellite network (Sceri, [0019], [0020]). However, Sceri teaches does not explicitly disclose the network is a serial communication network.

Ma teaches network is a serial communication network (Ma, [0074]; serial wireless network).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Ma's teaching and Sceri's teaching to include a serial wireless network, since the combination would have connect system using many type of communication network.

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8. Claim 26 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sceri and Petersen as applied to claim 16 above, and further in view of Hsu et al., US 2004/0205158, filed 02/24/03.

**Regarding claim 26**, which is dependent on claim 16, Sceri teaches the network is a wireless local area network (WLAN) (Sceri, [0019], [0020], network LAN and is wired or wireless). However, Sceri does not explicitly disclose the network device is included in a WLAN computer card.

Hsu teaches network device is included in a WLAN computer card (Hsu, [0093], laptop includes WLAN card).

It would h have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Hsu's teaching into Sceri's teaching to include WLAN computer card, since the combination would have connected systems using many type of communication network.

### Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 16-26, 31-38 have been considered but are not persuasive.

Applicants mainly argue with respect to claims 16-17, 21, 23-25 that "Petersen with Cseri does not teach or suggest compressing an XML document into a compressed binary stream" and "one of ordinary skill in the art would not reasonable be let to combined the parsing-required tokenizing of Petersen with the parsing-time minimizing binary formatting of Cseri"

Cseri teaches compressing an XML document from a text format to binary format by tokenizing so that the binary representation of the XML is reduced in bytes (Cseri, [0092]). Therefore, Cseri's binary stream is a compressed (see current application's specification, summary, [0017], [0025]). Besides, Precede teaches XML documents are compressed valid XML documents with elements and attributes in short tokens (Petersen, [0083]) and the compressed valid XML documents can be reconstructed to original XML document to display to user (Petersen, [0090]). Since, both Precede and Cseri teaches parsing and tokenizing element and attribute (Cseri, [0015]; Precede, [0083]) in order to replace with short tokens and/or numbers. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Petersen's teaching and Cseri's teaching to convert the XML document with shorten tokens as well as to binary, since the conversion/compression would have provided advantage of storing and/or transmitting the compressed XML documents which are in reduced size.

### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thu V. Huynh whose telephone number is (571) 272-4126. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen S. Hong can be reached on (571) 272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Thu Huynh/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2178 March 14, 2009 Application/Control Number: 10/710,835

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